

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Centre Number

Candidate Number

**Pearson Edexcel**  
**Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9–1)**

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**Thursday 8 November 2018**

Morning (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)

Paper Reference **1MA1/2F**

**Mathematics**

**Paper 2 (Calculator)**

**Foundation Tier**

**You must have:** Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.

Total Marks

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided – *there may be more space than you need.*
- You must **show all your working.**
- Diagrams are **NOT** accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- **Calculators may be used.**
- If your calculator does not have a  $\pi$  button, take the value of  $\pi$  to be 3.142 unless the question instructs otherwise.



### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets – *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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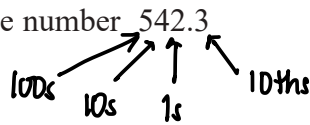
  
**Pearson**

Answer ALL questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

- 1 Write down the value of the 4 in the number 542.3



$$4 \text{ tens} = 40$$

40

(Total for Question 1 is 1 mark)

- 2 Write down a square number that is also an odd number.

$$1^2 = 1 \times 1 = 1$$

↑  
square, odd

1

(Total for Question 2 is 1 mark)

- 3 (a) Change 4560 g into kg.

$$1000\text{g} = 1\text{kg}$$

↘  
÷1000

$$4560 \div 1000 = 4.56$$

4.56 kg  
(1)

- (b) Change 7.3 m into mm.

$$1\text{m} = 100\text{cm}$$

↘  
×100

$$7.3 \times 100 = 730\text{cm}$$

$$730 \times 10 = 7300\text{mm}$$

7300 mm  
(1)

(Total for Question 3 is 2 marks)

- 4 Work out the cube root of 64

$$\sqrt[3]{64} = 4$$

4

(Total for Question 4 is 1 mark)

- 5 Write 0.31 as a fraction.

$$\begin{array}{l} \uparrow \swarrow \\ 10\text{ths} \quad 100\text{ths} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{31}{100}$$

$\frac{31}{100}$

(Total for Question 5 is 1 mark)



6 Here are four fractions.

$$\frac{3}{4} \qquad \frac{5}{7} \qquad \frac{19}{25} \qquad \frac{11}{15}$$

Write the fractions in order of size.  
Start with the smallest fraction.

$$\frac{3}{4} = 3 \div 4 = 0.75 \checkmark$$

$$\frac{5}{7} = 5 \div 7 = 0.714285 \checkmark$$

$$\frac{19}{25} = 19 \div 25 = 0.76$$

$$\frac{11}{15} = 11 \div 15 = 0.7\bar{3} \checkmark$$

$$\frac{5}{7} \quad \frac{11}{15} \quad \frac{3}{4} \quad \frac{19}{25}$$

(Total for Question 6 is 2 marks)

7 (a) Simplify  $3m - 1m - 1m + 3m$

$$3m - 1m = 2m$$

$$2m - 1m = 1m$$

$$1m + 3m = 4m$$

$$4m$$

(1)

(b) Simplify  $2 \times n \times p \times 4$

$$2 \times 4 = 8$$

$$8 \times n \times p = 8np \text{ OR } 8pn$$

$$8np$$

(1)

(Total for Question 7 is 2 marks)

8 A map has a scale of 1 cm to 14 km.

On the map, the distance between Manchester and London is 18.8 cm.

What is the real distance, in km, between Manchester and London?

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Map} & & \text{Real} \\ 1 \text{ cm} & : & 14 \text{ km} \\ \times 18.8 & \swarrow & \searrow \times 18.8 \\ 18.8 \text{ cm} & : & 263.2 \text{ km} \end{array}$$

$$263.2 \text{ km}$$

(Total for Question 8 is 2 marks)



- 9 (a) The  $n$ th term of a sequence is  $3n + 4$

Explain why 21 is not a term of this sequence.

$$3n + 4 = 21$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -4 \quad -4 \\ \hline 3n = 17 \end{array}$$

$$3n = 17$$

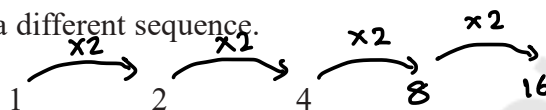
$$3n = 17$$

$$\div 3 \quad \div 3$$

$$n = 17/3 \quad \leftarrow \text{Not an integer}$$

(2)

- (b) Here are the first three terms of a different sequence.



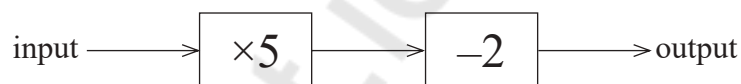
Write down two numbers that could be the 4th term and the 5th term of this sequence.  
Give the rule you have used to get your numbers.

8 and 16 because we are doubling each time.

(2)

(Total for Question 9 is 4 marks)

- 10 Here is a number machine.



- (a) Work out the **output** when the input is 8

$$8 \xrightarrow{\times 5} 40 \xrightarrow{-2} 38$$

38

(1)

- (b) Work out the **input** when the output is 28

$$6 \xleftarrow{\div 5} 30 \xleftarrow{+2} 28$$

6

(2)

(Total for Question 10 is 3 marks)



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- 11 Adam gets a bonus of 30% of £80  
Katy gets a bonus of £28

Work out the difference between the bonus Adam gets and the bonus Katy gets.

Adam:

$$30\% \text{ of } £80$$

$$\downarrow \div 100$$

$$0.3 \times £80 = £24$$

Katy: £28

$$28 - 24 = 4$$

£ 4

(Total for Question 11 is 3 marks)

- 12 There are 49 counters in a bag.

20 of the counters are red.  
The rest of the counters are blue.

One of the counters is taken at random.

Find the probability that the counter is blue.

→ F/D/P

$$\text{Blue: } 49 - 20 = 29$$

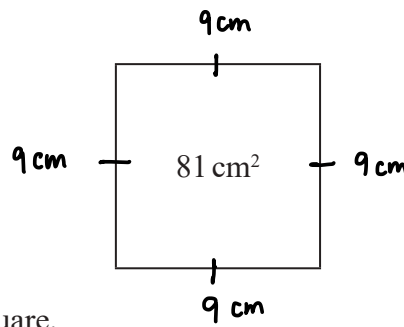
$$P(\text{blue}) = \frac{\text{no. of blue}}{\text{total counters}} = \frac{29}{49}$$

$\frac{29}{49}$

(Total for Question 12 is 2 marks)



13 A square has an area of  $81 \text{ cm}^2$



$$A = l \times w$$

$$=$$

$$\sqrt{81} = 9$$

(a) Find the perimeter of the square.

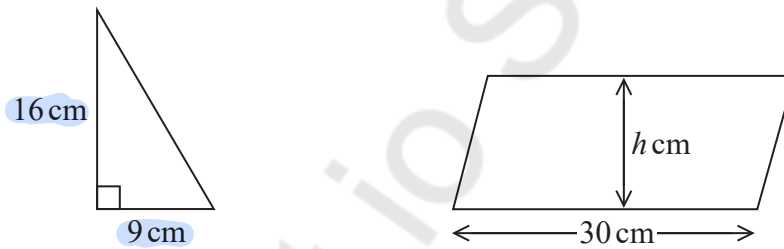
↳ Add all sides

$$P = 4 \times 9$$

$$= 36 \text{ cm}$$

.....  $36$  ..... cm  
(2)

The diagram shows a right-angled triangle and a parallelogram.



The area of the parallelogram is 5 times the area of the triangle.  
The perpendicular height of the parallelogram is  $h \text{ cm}$ .

(b) Find the value of  $h$ .

$$\text{Area triangle} = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 9 \times 16$$

$$= 72 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{Area parallelogram}$$

$$72 \times 5 = 360 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$30 \times h = 360$$

$$\div 30 \qquad \div 30$$

$$h = 12$$

$h =$  .....  $12$  .....  
(3)

(Total for Question 13 is 5 marks)



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14 Victoria throws an ordinary fair 6-sided dice once.

She says,

“The probability of getting a 3 is half the probability of getting a 6”

(a) Is Victoria correct?

↳  $\frac{1}{6}$

↳  $\frac{1}{6}$

You must explain your answer.

No. The probabilities are the same.

(1)

Andy throws the dice twice.

He says,

“The probability of getting a 6 on both throws is  $\frac{2}{6}$ ”

(b) Is Andy correct?

↳  $\frac{1}{6}$

$\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{36}$

You must explain your answer.

No. The probability would be  $\frac{1}{36}$ .

(1)

Indre throws the dice once. → 6

She also throws a coin to get Heads or Tails. → 2

$6 \times 2 = 12$  outcomes

(c) List all the possible outcomes she can get.

1, H 1T 2H 2T 3H 3T 4H 4T 5H 5T 6H 6T

(2)

(Total for Question 14 is 4 marks)



- 15 Remi invests £600 for 5 years in a savings account.  
By the end of the 5 years he has received a total of £75 simple interest.

Work out the annual rate of simple interest.

$$\frac{75}{600} = \frac{1}{8} = 0.125 \text{ over 5 years}$$

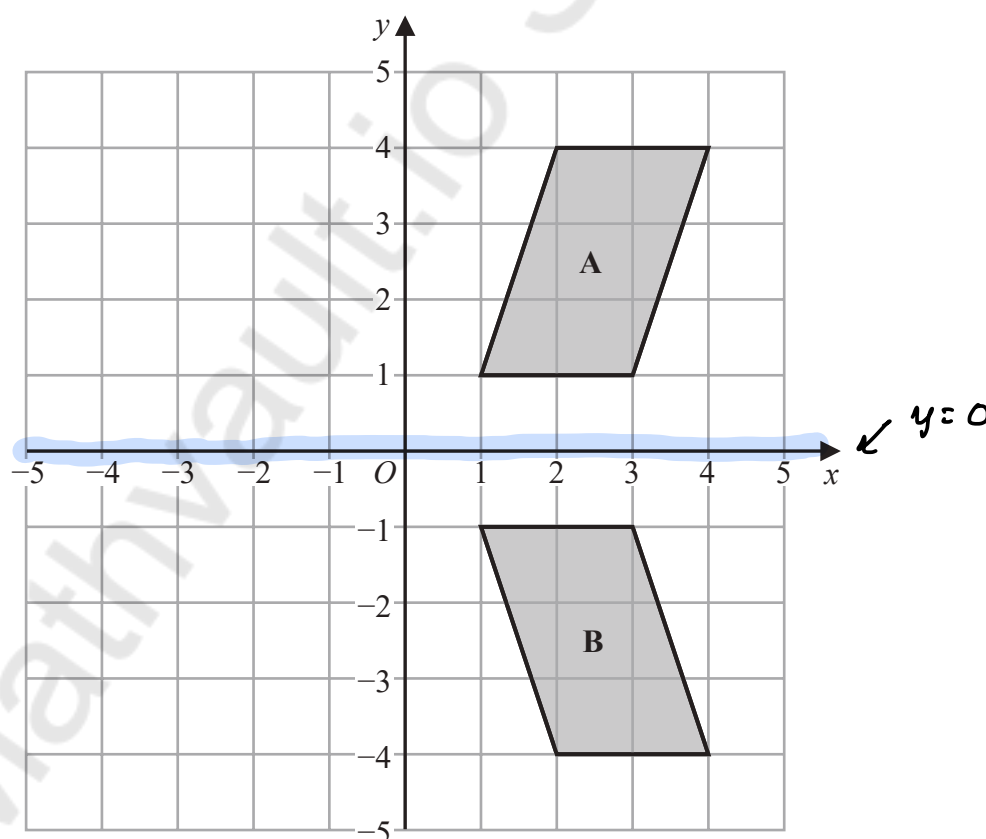
$$0.125 \div 5 = 0.025 \text{ per year}$$

$$0.025 \times 100 = 2.5\%$$

..... 2.5 %

(Total for Question 15 is 3 marks)

16



Describe fully the single transformation that maps shape A onto shape B.

..... Reflection in the x-axis or  $y=0$  .....

(Total for Question 16 is 2 marks)



- 17 Adrian is going to make concrete.  
He is going to use

180 kg of cement  
375 kg of sand  
1080 kg of stone

Cement, sand and stone are sold in bags.

| 1 bag cement | 1 bag sand | 1 bag stone |
|--------------|------------|-------------|
| 25 kg        | 22.5 kg    | 50 kg       |

Adrian already has

10 bags of cement  
20 bags of sand  
20 bags of stone

Work out what bags he needs to buy to make the concrete.

$$\text{Cement : } 10 \times 25 = 250 \text{ kg } \checkmark$$

$$\text{Sand : } 20 \times 22.5 = 450 \text{ kg } \checkmark$$

$$\text{Stone : } 20 \times 50 = 1000 \text{ kg}$$

$$1080 \text{ kg} - 1000 \text{ kg} = 80 \text{ kg more stone}$$

Adrian needs 2 bags of stone.

(Total for Question 17 is 3 marks)



18 Bill wants to increase 150 by 3%  
He writes down

$$150 \times 1.3 = 195$$

Bill's method is wrong.

(a) Explain why.

It should be 1.03 not 1.3

$$100\% + 3\% = 103\%$$

$$\downarrow \div 100$$

$$1.03$$

(1)

Sally wants to decrease 150 by 3%

(b) Complete this statement to show how Sally can decrease 150 by 3%

$$150 \times 0.97 = 145.5$$

$$100\% - 3\% = 97\%$$

$$\downarrow \div 100$$

$$0.97$$

(1)

(Total for Question 18 is 2 marks)

19 (a) Solve  $3(x-4) = 12$

$$3x - 12 = 12$$

$$+ 12 \quad + 12$$

$$3x = 24$$

$$\div 3 \quad \div 3$$

$$x = 8$$

$$x = 8$$

(2)

(b) Factorise fully  $9b - 3b^2$

$$\underbrace{3b}_{\text{HCF}} (3 - b)$$

or

$$9b \text{ and } 3b^2$$

$$\uparrow \quad \uparrow$$

$$b \quad b \times b$$

$$3b \times 3 = 9b$$

$$3b \times -b = -3b^2$$

$$3b(3-b)$$

(2)

(Total for Question 19 is 4 marks)



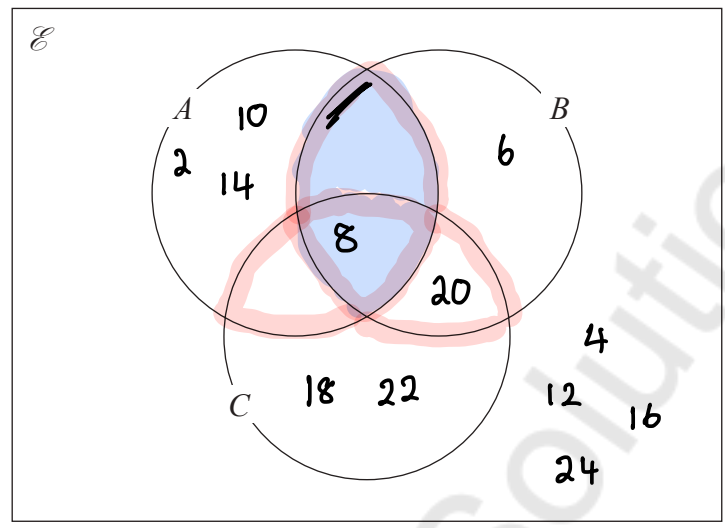
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- 20  $\mathcal{E} = \{\text{even numbers between 1 and 25}\} = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24\}$   
 $A = \{2, 8, 10, 14\}$   
 $B = \{6, 8, 20\}$   
 $C = \{8, 18, 20, 22\}$

(a) Complete the Venn diagram for this information.



(4)

A number is chosen at random from  $\mathcal{E}$ .

- (b) Find the probability that the number is a member of  $A \cap B$ .  
 and  $\frac{1}{12}$

(2)

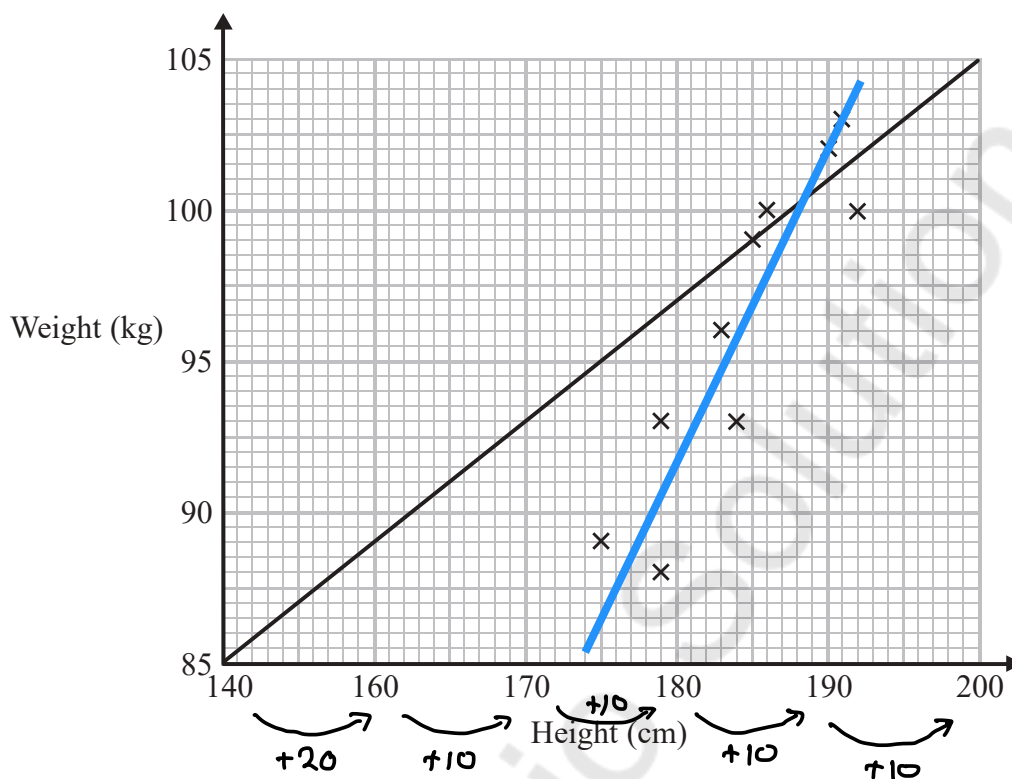
(Total for Question 20 is 6 marks)

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21 Sean has information about the height, in cm, and the weight, in kg, of each of ten rugby players. He is asked to draw a scatter graph and a line of best fit for this information.

Here is his answer.



Sean has plotted the points accurately.

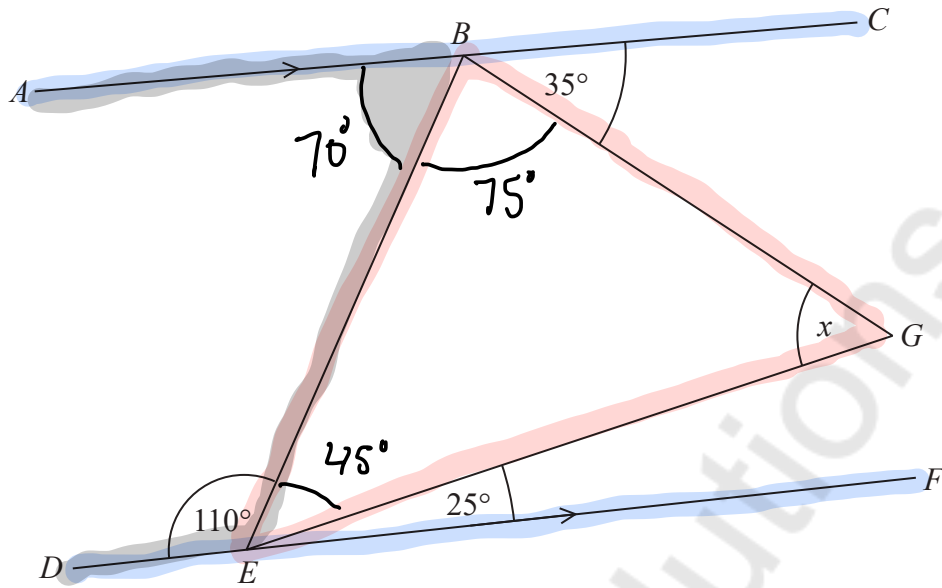
Write down two things that are wrong with his answer.

- 1 *The line of best fit does not suit the points*
- 2 *The scale for height is not linear.*

(Total for Question 21 is 2 marks)



22  $BEG$  is a triangle.



$ABC$  and  $DEF$  are parallel lines.

Work out the size of angle  $x$ .

Give a reason for each stage of your working.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Angle } BEC &= 180 - (110 + 25) \\ &= 180 - 135 \\ &= 45^\circ\end{aligned}$$

Angles on a straight line sum to  $180^\circ$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Angle } ABE &= 180 - 110 = 70^\circ \\ \text{Co-interior angles sum to } 180^\circ\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Angle } EBG &= 180 - (70 + 35) \\ &= 180 - 105 \\ &= 75^\circ \\ \text{Angles on a straight line sum to } 180^\circ\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Angle } x &= 180^\circ - (45 + 75) \\ &= 180 - 120 = 60 \\ \text{Angles in a triangle sum to } 180^\circ\end{aligned}$$

60

(Total for Question 22 is 4 marks)



23 Northern Bank has two types of account. Both accounts pay compound interest.

|   |
|---|
| <p><b>Cash savings account</b><br/>Interest<br/>2.5% per annum (year)</p> |
|---|

|   |
|---|
| <p><b>Shares account</b><br/>Interest<br/>3.5% per annum (year)</p> |
|---|

Ali invests £2000 in the cash savings account. Ben invests £1600 in the shares account.

(a) Work out who will get the most interest by the end of 3 years. You must show all your working.

Final amount = investment × multiplier<sup>n</sup> ← no. of years

Ali (Cash)

$$100 + 2.5 = 102.5\% \xrightarrow{\div 100} 1.025$$

$$2000 \times 1.025^3 = 2153.78125 = \pounds 2153.78$$

Interest =  $\pounds 2153.78$   
 $-\pounds 2000$   
 $= \pounds 153.78$

Ben (Shares)

$$100 + 3.5 = 103.5\% \xrightarrow{\div 100} 1.035$$

$$1600 \times 1.035^3 = 1773.9486 = \pounds 1773.95$$

Interest =  $\pounds 1773.95$   
 $-\pounds 1600$   
 $= \pounds 173.95$

Ben gets the most interest.  $\pounds 173.95 > \pounds 153.78$

(4)

In the 3rd year the rate of interest for the shares account is changed to 4% per annum.

(b) Does this affect who will get the most interest by the end of 3 years? Give a reason for your answer.

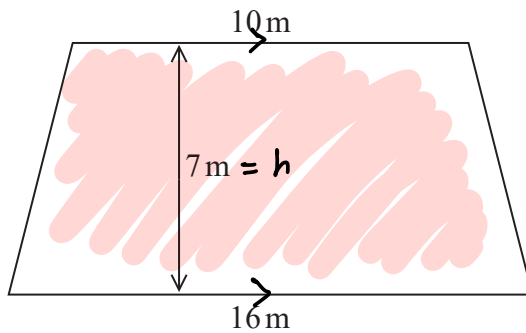
No. Ben already gets the most interest, so he will get more.

(1)

(Total for Question 23 is 5 marks)



24 The diagram shows a floor in the shape of a trapezium.



John is going to paint the floor.

Each 5 litre tin of paint costs £16.99

1 litre of paint covers an area of  $2\text{ m}^2$

John has £160 to spend on paint.

Has John got enough money to buy all the paint he needs?

You must show how you get your answer.

$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{1}{2} (a + b) \times h \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (10 + 16) \times 7 \\ &= 91\text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$91\text{ m}^2 \div 2\text{ m}^2 = 45.5\text{ Litres}$$

$$45.5\text{ L} \div 5\text{ L} = 9.1\text{ tins } [\text{needs } 10\text{ tins}]$$

$$10 \times £16.99 = £169.90$$

$$\text{No. } £160 < £169.90$$

(Total for Question 24 is 5 marks)



- 25  $A$  is the point with coordinates  $(x_1, y_1)$   $(5, 9)$   
 $B$  is the point with coordinates  $(x_2, y_2)$   $(d, 15)$   
 The gradient of the line  $AB$  is 3

Work out the value of  $d$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \text{gradient} &= \frac{\text{change in } y}{\text{change in } x} \\ &= \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \\ 3 &= \frac{15 - 9}{d - 5} \\ 3 &= \frac{6}{d - 5} \\ 3(d - 5) &= 6 \quad \times (d - 5) \\ 3d - 15 &= 6 \\ 3d &= 21 \quad \div 3 \\ d &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

(Total for Question 25 is 3 marks)

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26 (a) Expand and simplify  $(5x + 2)(2x - 3)$

|          |         |       |
|----------|---------|-------|
| $\times$ | $5x$    | $+2$  |
| $2x$     | $10x^2$ | $+4x$ |
| $-3$     | $-15x$  | $-6$  |

$$4x - 15x = -11x$$

$$10x^2 - 11x - 6$$

$$10x^2 - 11x - 6$$

(2)

(b) Factorise  $x^2 + 4x + 3$

$$(x + 1)(x + 3)$$

3

$$1 + 3 = 4$$

$$(x + 1)(x + 3)$$

(2)

(Total for Question 26 is 4 marks)

27 (a) Write the number 0.00007547 in standard form.

$$7.547 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$7.547 \times 10^{-5}$$

(1)

(b) Write  $3.42 \times 10^4$  as an ordinary number.

$$3.4200 = 34200$$

$$34200$$

(1)

(c) Work out  $\frac{(2.3 \times 10^4) \times (6.7 \times 10^3)}{5 \times 10^{-8}}$

$$= 3.082 \times 10^{15}$$

$$3.082 \times 10^{15}$$

(2)

(Total for Question 27 is 4 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 80 MARKS



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