

Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Other Names		0



**GCSE**

3310U10-1



**MATHEMATICS – NUMERACY  
UNIT 1: NON-CALCULATOR  
FOUNDATION TIER**

TUESDAY, 8 MAY 2018 – MORNING

1 hour 30 minutes

**ADDITIONAL MATERIALS**

The use of a calculator is not permitted in this examination.  
A ruler, a protractor and a pair of compasses may be required.

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

You may use a pencil for graphs and diagrams only.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer **all** the questions in the spaces provided.

If you run out of space, use the continuation page at the back of the booklet. Question numbers must be given for the work written on the continuation page.

Take  $\pi$  as 3.14.

**INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

You should give details of your method of solution when appropriate.

Unless stated, diagrams are not drawn to scale.

Scale drawing solutions will not be acceptable where you are asked to calculate.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

In question 3, the assessment will take into account the quality of your linguistic and mathematical organisation, communication and accuracy in writing.

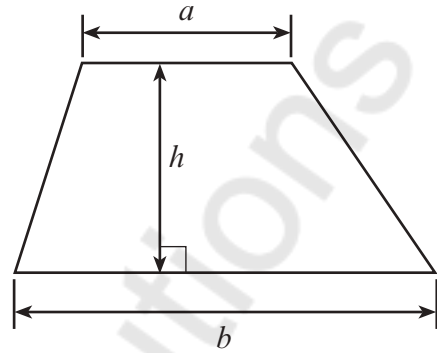
For Examiner's use only		
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
1.	4	
2.	6	
3.	8	
4.	4	
5.	7	
6.	4	
7.	3	
8.	8	
9.	5	
10.	5	
11.	7	
12.	4	
<b>Total</b>	<b>65</b>	



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## Formula List - Foundation Tier

$$\text{Area of trapezium} = \frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$$



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3310U101  
03








1. The following information was taken from the internet in 2017.

Highest temperatures recorded in the UK:

 United Kingdom			
 England	<u>38.5°C (101.3°F)</u>	Faversham, Kent	10 August 2003
 Northern Ireland	30.8°C (87.4°F)	Knockarevan, County Fermanagh Belfast, County Antrim	30 June 1976 12 July 1983
 Scotland	32.9°C (91.2°F)	Greycrook, Scottish Borders	9 August 2003
 Wales	<del>35.2°C (95.4°F)</del>	Hawarden Bridge, Flintshire	2 August 1990

Lowest temperatures recorded in the UK:

 United Kingdom			
 England	-26.1°C (-15.0°F)	Newport, Shropshire	10 January 1982
 Northern Ireland	-18.7°C (-1.7°F)	Castledearg, County Tyrone	24 December 2010
 Scotland	<u>-27.2°C (-17.0°F)</u>	Braemar, Aberdeenshire Altnaharra, Sutherland	11 February 1895 and 10 January 1982 30 December 1995
 Wales	<del>-23.3°C (-9.9°F)</del>	Rhayader, Powys	21 January 1940

Use the information above to answer the following questions.

(a) What was the lowest temperature recorded in the UK in °C?

[1]

Lowest temperature: -27.2 °C



- (b) Using the values in the table, what is an approximate value for  $40^{\circ}\text{C}$  in  $^{\circ}\text{F}$ ?  
Circle your answer.

[1]

 $80^{\circ}\text{F}$  $95^{\circ}\text{F}$  $100^{\circ}\text{F}$  $105^{\circ}\text{F}$  $120^{\circ}\text{F}$ 

- (c) Calculate the difference between the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in Wales in  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

[2]

$$35.2 - -23.3$$

$$= 35.2 + 23.3$$

$$= 58.5^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 35.2 \\ + 23.3 \\ \hline 58.5 \end{array}$$



2. Jane carried out a survey.  
She asked 40 people to choose their favourite TV channel.  
Their answers are shown below.

BBC1 ✓	S4C §	ITV 1 ✓	BBC1 ✓	Channel 5 `
ITV 1 ✓	BBC2 ↗	Channel 5 `	ITV 1 ✓	BBC1 ✓
Channel 5 `	BBC1 ✓	Channel 5 ^	ITV 1 ✓	S4C §
S4C §	ITV 1 ✓	BBC2 ✗	BBC1 ✓	Channel 5 `
BBC2 ✗	BBC2 ✗	ITV 1 ✓	ITV 1 ✓	BBC1 ✓
BBC2 ✗	ITV 1 ✓	S4C §	BBC1 ✓	ITV 1 ✓
BBC1 ✓	S4C §	ITV 1 ✓	ITV 1 ✓	BBC1 ✓
ITV 1 ✓	Channel 5 `	BBC1 ✓	S4C §	Channel 5 `

- (a) Draw a **vertical line diagram** to display Jane's data.  
Use the square grid on the opposite page.

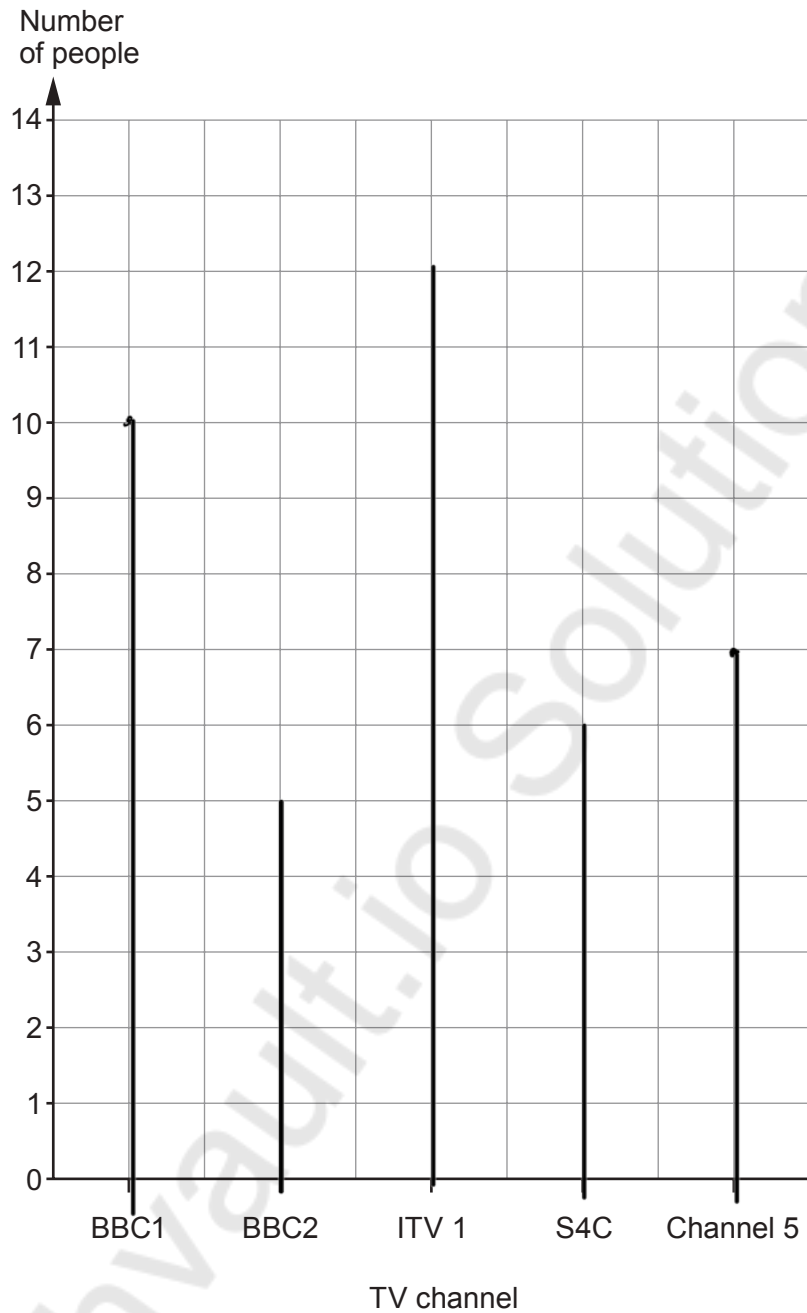
[4]

$$\text{BBC 1} = 10 \quad \text{BBC 2} = 5$$

$$\text{ITV 1} = 12 \quad \text{S4C} = 6$$

$$\text{Channel 5} = 7$$





(b) How can you check that you have included all of Jane's data? [1]

Can be checked by adding the frequencies to equate to 40 (which is the total number of people in the survey)

(c) What is the modal TV channel? [1]

ITV 1



3. In this question, you will be assessed on the quality of your organisation, communication and accuracy in writing.

Mr Jones wants to build a new house.  
He has found two suitable plots of land which cost the same amount.  
Each plot of land has space for his house and a large garden.  
The plan for each plot of land is shown below.

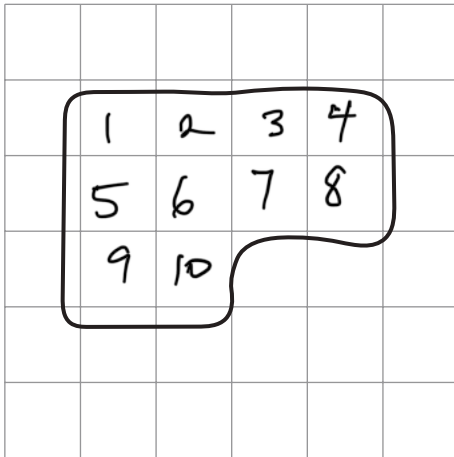
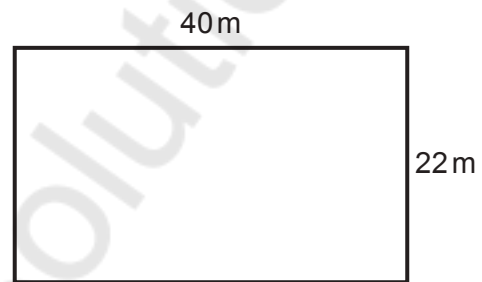
**Plot A**Scale: 1 square = 100m<sup>2</sup>**Plot B**

Diagram not drawn to scale

By considering the area of each plot, decide which plot of land Mr Jones should buy.  
You must show all your working.

Give a reason for your answer.

[6 + 2 OCW]

$$\text{Area for Plot A} = 10 \text{ of squares} \times 100\text{m}^2$$

NO of squares is approximately 10

$$\text{Area of Plot A} = 10 \times 100\text{m}^2 = 1000\text{m}^2$$

$$\text{Area of Plot B} = (40 \times 22)\text{m}^2 = 880\text{m}^2$$

The reasons can be for either Plot.

Plot B — Reason is that it is easier to work with since it is a rectangle






08

Plot A — Reason is that the area is bigger

$$\begin{array}{r} 220 \\ \times \quad 4 \\ \hline 880 \end{array}$$

4. A lighting company sells sets of lights in different sizes.  
Some of the sets are shown below.

<p><b>Set 1</b></p> <p>3 light bulbs</p>	
<p><b>Set 2</b></p> <p>5 light bulbs</p>	
<p><b>Set 3</b></p> <p>7 light bulbs</p>	

The pattern can be continued to make larger sets of lights.

- (a) How many light bulbs are needed to make **Set 5**?  
Circle your answer.

[1]

9                  10                  11                  12                  13

New set = add 2 to previous set

Set 5 = add 4 to set 3 ie  $7 + 4$

- (b) Which set has 27 light bulbs?

[2]

Set 5 = 11      add  $8 + 5 = 13$  ∴ 27? set 13

$27 - 11 = 16$        $\frac{16}{2} = 8$

Set ..... 13

- (c) A customer thinks that to find the number of bulbs that are in a set, you multiply the set number by 3.  
Is the customer correct?

Yes  No

Give a reason for your answer.

[1]

For a new set, 2 is added to previous set  
and set 2 is 5 bulbs not 6 bulbs



5. (a) Cornell's supermarket sells 1-litre cartons of orange juice at £1.80.

Cornell's supermarket has an offer of 'buy 2 get 1 free'.



Larkman's supermarket sells 2-litre bottles of orange juice at £2.20.



Janice needs to buy 6 litres of orange juice.

How much money would Janice save by buying the orange juice at Larkman's supermarket? [4]

Calculate for both Supermarkets

$$6\text{L at Cornell's} = 4 \times \text{£}1.8 \quad (\text{cos 2 will be free})$$

$$= \text{£}7.20$$

$$6\text{L at Larkman's} = 3 \times \text{£}2.20$$

$$= \text{£}6.60$$

$$\text{Difference} = \text{£}7.20$$

$$- \text{£}6.60$$

$$\underline{\text{£}0.60}$$

Janice would save £0.6 by buying from Larkman's



- (b) The diagram shows a sketch of the top part of a 1-litre carton. There is a circular hole cut out for the plastic lid.

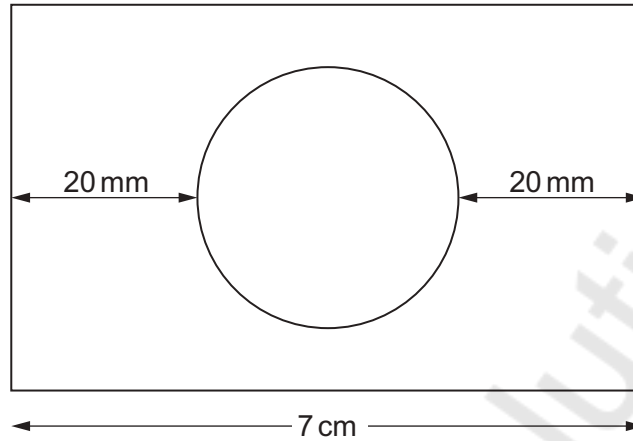


Diagram not drawn to scale

What is the radius of the circular hole?  
Give your answer in **mm**.

[3]

$$7\text{cm} = (7 \times 10)\text{mm} = 70\text{mm}$$

$$\text{Diameter of hole} = 70 - (20 + 20)$$

$$= 70 - 40$$

$$= 30\text{mm}$$

$$\therefore \text{radius of hole} = \frac{30}{2} = 15\text{mm}$$



6. Suzanna and her 2 friends are studying at Aberystwyth University. They rent a 3-bedroom house together.



The 3 friends share the cost of the rent equally between them.

In April, the rent was £720 per month.

In October, the rent is to be increased by 15%.

How much rent will Suzanna pay in October?

[4]

$$15\% \text{ Increase} = \frac{15}{100} \times 720 = 36 \times 3 = 108$$

$$\text{So rent in October} = £(720 + 108) = £828$$

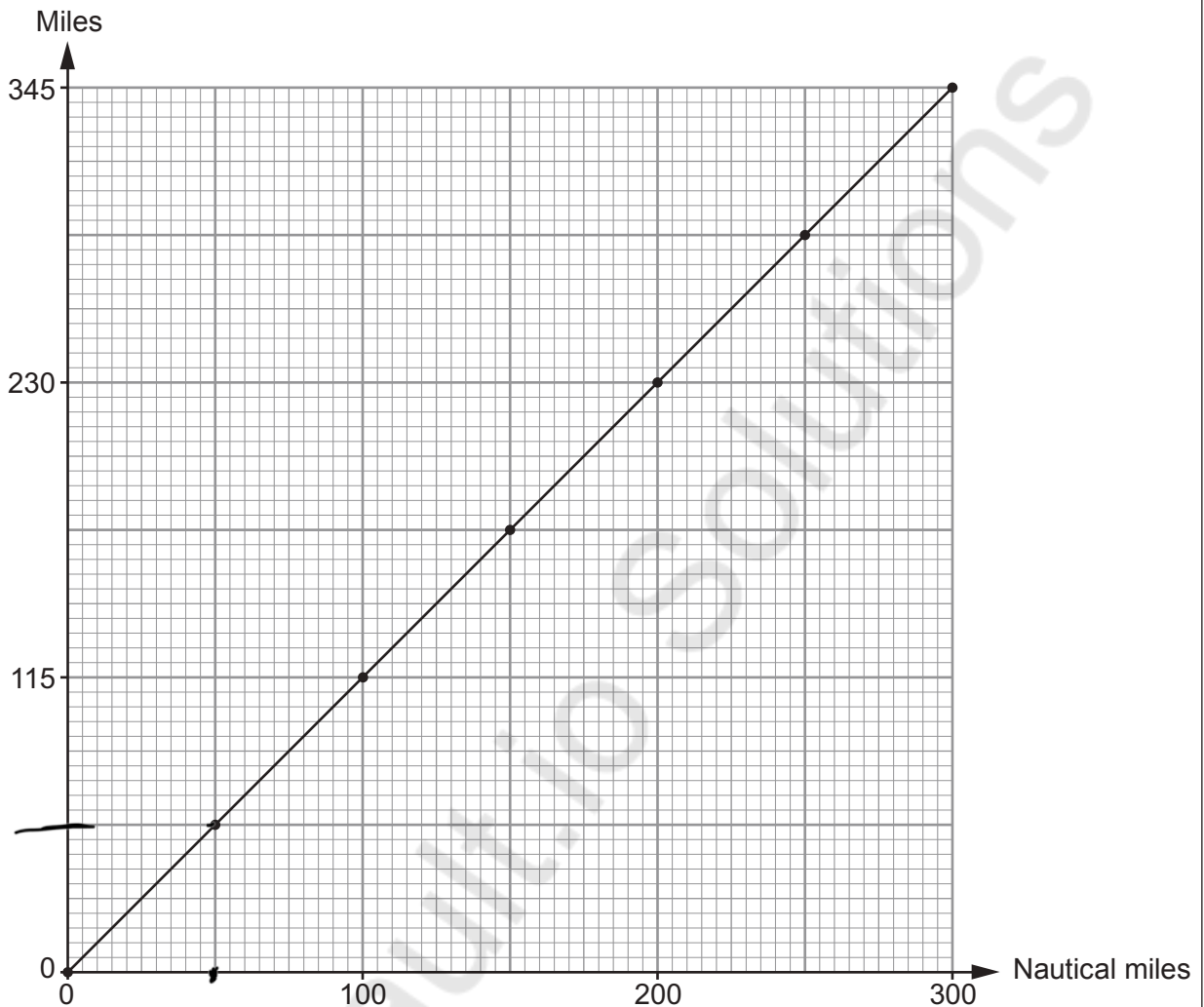
$$\text{Divide } £828 \text{ by } 3 \text{ for each friend}$$

$$\frac{828}{3} = £276$$

So, Suzanna will pay £276 by October



7. Maxim is doing a project on shipping. He draws and uses his own conversion graph to convert between nautical miles and miles.



- (a) What is 50 nautical miles converted into miles?  
Circle your answer.

[1]

55      56.5      57.5      58.5      59.5

$$\frac{115}{2} = 57.5$$

- (b) Complete the following statement.

800 nautical miles is equal to 920 miles.

[2]

$$\text{if } 50 \text{ NM} = 57.5 \text{ M}$$

$$1 \text{ NM} = \frac{57.5}{50} \text{ M}$$

$$800 \text{ NM} = \frac{800}{50} \times 57.5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \overset{3}{5} 7 5 \\ \times \quad 1 6 \\ \hline 24 \overset{3}{5} 0 \\ 57 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$= 9200$$



8.



Mr and Mrs Blanc have 3 children, Valerie, Theo and Anton. The family is visiting Wales. Valerie and Theo are 14-year-old twins. Anton is 2 years old.

They visit Castell Gwynhir ruins and gardens.

A copy of the entrance board is shown below.

Castell Gwynhir ruins and gardens		
	Standard charge	Charge with 10% contribution towards improvements
Adult	£5.60	£6.40
Child – age 3 to 16	£2.30	£2.53
Child – under 3	Free	Free

- (a) The family decides to pay the standard charges to visit Castell Gwynhir. How much change will they get from £20? You must show all your working.

[3]

$$2 \text{ adults} = 2 \times \pounds 5.60 = \pounds 11.2$$

$$2 \text{ children between 3-16} = 2 \times 2.30 = 4.6$$

$$= \pounds (11.2 + 4.6) = \pounds 15.80$$

$$\text{Change from } \pounds 20 = \pounds 4.20$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11.2 \\ + 4.6 \\ \hline 15.8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 120.0 \\ - 15.8 \\ \hline 4.2 \end{array}$$



- (b) Theo looks at the charges with a 10% contribution towards improvements.

Theo says,

'The adult charge with an extra 10% is not right. It is too high!'

By how much is the adult charge too high?

You must show all your working.

[3]

$$\text{Standard charge} = 5.6$$

$$15\% \text{ extra} = 6.4$$

$$10\% \text{ of } 5.6 = \frac{10}{100} \times 5.6 = \pounds 0.56$$

$$\text{The correct charge with } 10\% = \pounds (5.6 - 0.56) \\ = \pounds 6.16$$

$$\text{The adult pays too much by } \pounds 6.4 - \pounds 6.16$$

$$\text{Adult charge is too high by } = \pounds 0.24$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6.40 \\ - 6.16 \\ \hline 0.24 \end{array}$$

- (c) The gardens at Castell Gwynhir cover an area of 714 000 m<sup>2</sup>.

Water ponds cover  $\frac{2}{7}$  of the area of the gardens.

Calculate the area covered by water ponds.

[2]

$$\frac{2}{7} \times \cancel{714000} = 2 \times 102000$$

Area covered by water ponds is 204 000 m<sup>2</sup>















9. The tables below show all of the international football results for Wales in 1984 and 1985.

1984

28 Feb 1984	Scotland		2 - 1		Wales	1
2 May 1984	Wales		1 - 0		England	2
22 May 1984	Wales		1 - 1		Northern Ireland	3
6 Jun 1984	Norway		1 - 0		Wales	4
10 Jun 1984	Israel		0 - 0		Wales	5
12 Sep 1984	Iceland		1 - 0		Wales	6
17 Oct 1984	Spain		3 - 0		Wales	7
14 Nov 1984	Wales		2 - 1		Iceland	8

1985

26 Feb 1985	Wales		1 - 1		Norway	1
27 Mar 1985	Scotland		0 - 1		Wales	2
30 Apr 1985	Wales		3 - 0		Spain	3
5 Jun 1985	Norway		4 - 2		Wales	4
10 Sep 1985	Wales		1 - 1		Scotland	5
16 Oct 1985	Wales		0 - 3		Hungary	6

Geraint says,

'On **average**, the Wales international football team scored more goals per match in 1985 than in 1984.'

- (a) In checking the truth of Geraint's statement, why would it **not** be helpful to consider the **range** of the number of goals scored per match in each year? [1]

Range is not average

or

Range does not take all the goals into consideration



- (b) (i) By considering the **mean** number of goals scored per match by Wales each year, is Geraint's statement true?  
You must show calculations for each year to support your answer. [3]

We will find the mean for both years  
 For 1984 = 5 goals in 8 matches  

$$= \frac{5}{8}$$

For 1985  

$$= \frac{8 \text{ goals in 6 matches}}{6}$$

So, YES, it's true 1985 is better than 1984

- (ii) Give **one** reason why this method does not necessarily show that the Wales international football team results were better in 1985 than in 1984. [1]

Reasons - Other teams might have been stronger

OR  
 We are not told about injuries

OR  
 Wales did not play the same teams in the 2 years



10. (a) The towns of Aberglen, Bargwyn, Caerlow and Derwen are on Bus Route 3. The times buses take to travel between each of the towns are shown on the diagram below.

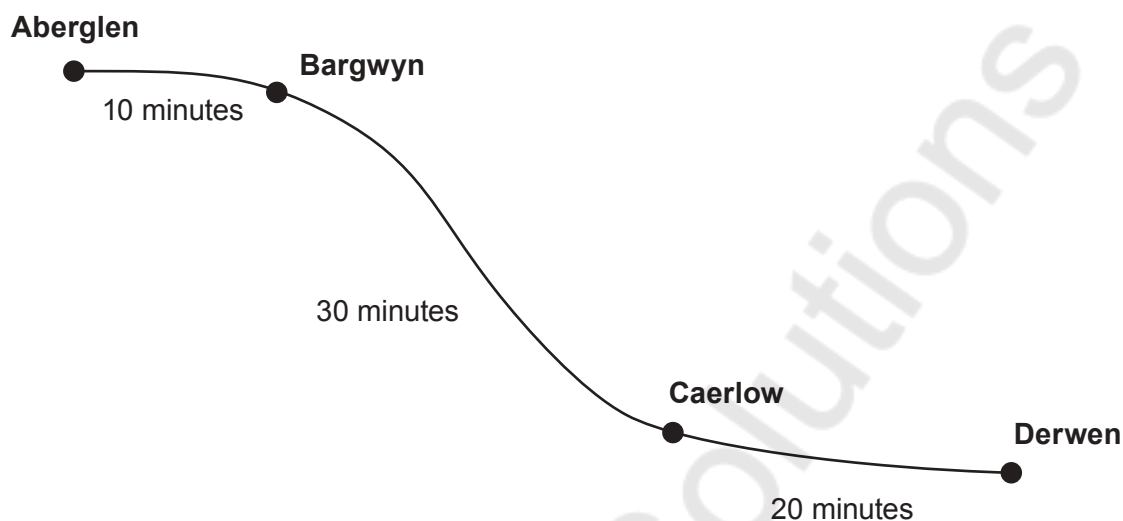


Diagram not drawn to scale

Buses start at Aberglen.  
All these buses travel to Derwen, stopping at Bargwyn and Caerlow.

Here is the bus timetable.

Departing from:	Times
Aberglen	First bus leaves at 09:00, then every 13 minutes after this time.

At what time does the 09:13 bus from Aberglen arrive at Derwen?  
Circle your answer.

[1]

09:23

09:33

09:43

10:53

10:13

$$10 \text{ mins} + 30 \text{ mins} + 20 \text{ mins} = 60 \text{ mins}$$

$$= 10:13$$



- (b) From Grainsey, the Number 6 bus runs to Wyndre and the Number 7 bus runs to Hafgoch.

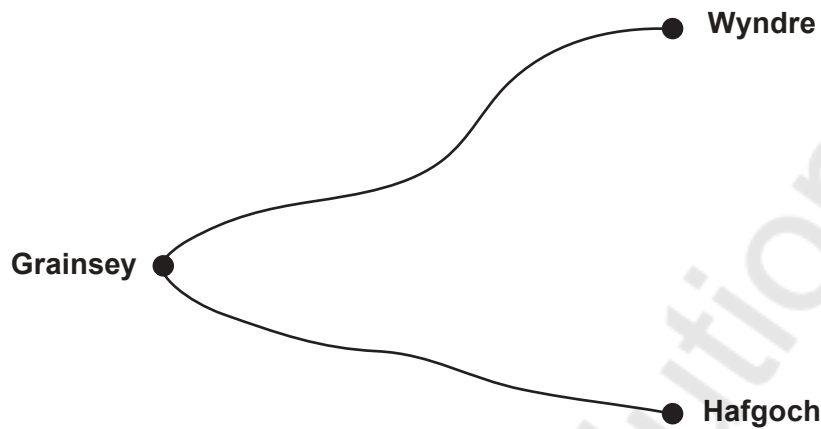


Diagram not drawn to scale

The timetable for these buses is given below:

Bus Number	To	Times
6	Wyndre	First bus leaves at 10:00, then every 20 minutes after this time.
7	Hafgoch	First bus leaves at 10:00, then every 45 minutes after this time.

After 10:00, when will the Number 6 bus and the Number 7 bus next leave Grainsey at the same time? [4]

Bus 6 (adding 20 mins)  
 10:20  
 10:40  
 11:00  
 11:20  
 11:40  
 12:00  
 12:20  
 12:40  
 13:00

Bus 7 (adding 45 mins)  
 10:45  
 11:30  
 12:15  
 13:00

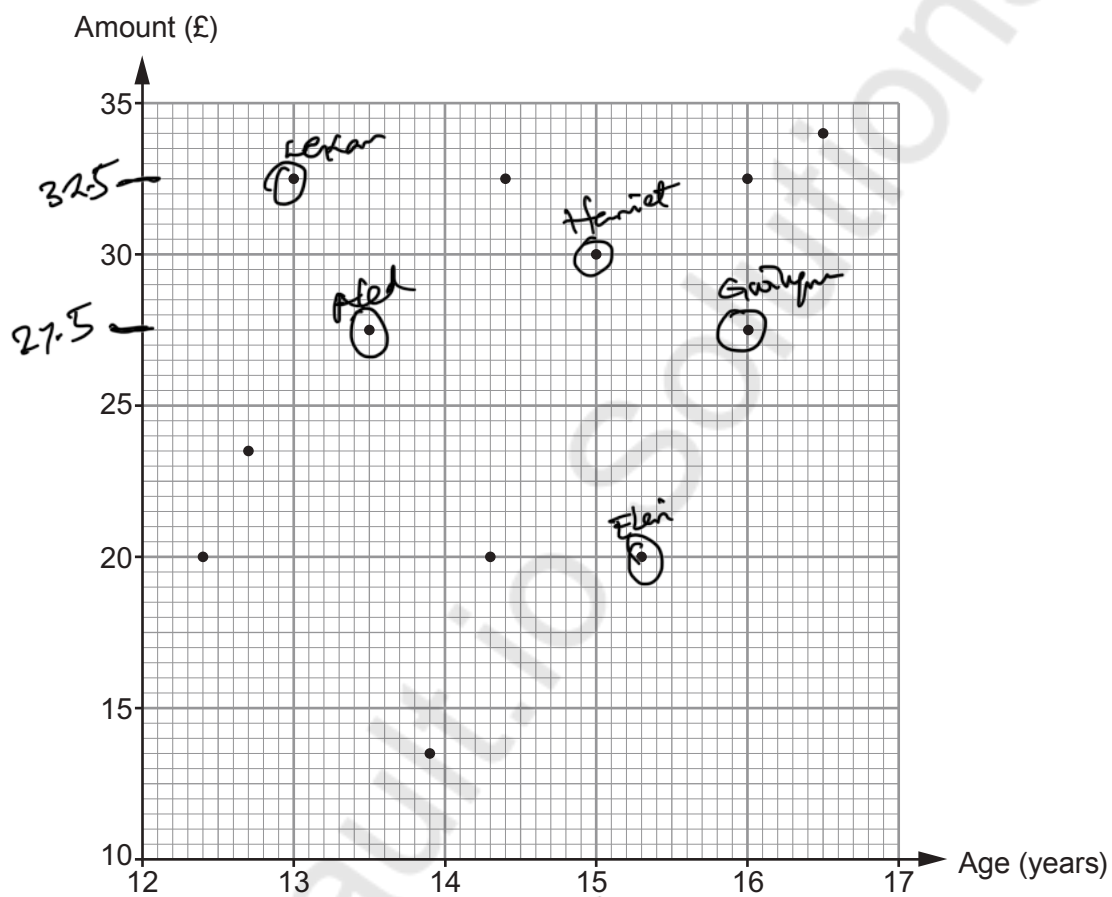
So, time that both leave together  
 = 13:00 or 1pm



11. Lekan's parents have complained that they are paying too much towards his mobile phone bill each month.

Lekan decides to ask a number of students in school how much their parents or carers pay towards their mobile phone bills each month.

He displays the results in a scatter diagram. These include his own results.



- (a) Lekan's parents want to know the names of some of these students.

The two 15-year-old students are Harriet and Eleri.  
Eleri is older than Harriet.

Gwilym and Aled's parents each pay £27.50 per month.  
Aled is younger than Gwilym.



- (i) Complete each of the following statements. [2]

'Eleri's parents or carers pay £ 20 each month towards her mobile phone bill.'

'Harriet's parents or carers pay £ 30 each month towards her mobile phone bill.'

- (ii) Complete each of the following statements. [3]

'Gwilym is 16 years 0 months old.'

'Aled is 13 years 6 months old.'

- (b) Lekan's parents pay £32.50 per month towards his mobile phone bill. He is the youngest of the 3 students who receive £32.50 per month towards their mobile phone bill.

- (i) How old is Lekan? [1]

13 years old

- (ii) Do you think Lekan's parents are right to complain that they are paying too much towards his mobile phone bill each month?  
You must use the scatter diagram to give a reason for your answer. [1]

Yes No 

Yes - Reason being that most parents on the scatter plot pay less

No - Reason being that there is no correlation between age and amount of bill



12. Sam is making a large pot of cheese sauce for a party.  
Sam uses the conversions

- 1 ounce  $\approx$  28 grams,
- 1 pint  $\approx$  568 millilitres.

He wants to write the following recipe ingredients in grams and millilitres.

<u>Cheese sauce</u>	
Ingredients:	
4 ounces of butter	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ ounces of flour	
3 pints of milk	
9 ounces of cheese	

Using Sam's conversions, complete the ingredient table below.

[4]

$$\text{Butter} = 4 \times 28 = 112 \text{ g}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 328 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline 112 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Flour} = \frac{3}{2} \times 28 = 98 \text{ g}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 214 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline 98 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Milk} = 3 \times 568 = 1704 \text{ ml}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2568 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 1704 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Cheese} = 9 \times 28 = 252 \text{ g}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 228 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline 252 \end{array}$$

<u>Cheese sauce</u>	
Ingredients:	
112	grams of butter
98	grams of flour
1704	millilitres of milk
252	grams of cheese

END OF PAPER



Thank you &

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