

Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
First name(s)		0



**GCSE**

3300U60-1



**WEDNESDAY, 12 JUNE 2024 – MORNING**

**MATHEMATICS  
UNIT 2: CALCULATOR-ALLOWED  
HIGHER TIER**

1 hour 45 minutes

**ADDITIONAL MATERIALS**

A calculator will be required for this examination.  
A ruler, a protractor and a pair of compasses may be required.

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.  
You may use a pencil for graphs and diagrams only.  
Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.  
Answer **all** the questions in the spaces provided.  
If you run out of space, use the additional page at the back of the booklet. Question numbers must be given for all work written on the additional page.  
Take  $\pi$  as 3.14 or use the  $\pi$  button on your calculator.

**INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

You should give details of your method of solution when appropriate.  
Unless stated, diagrams are not drawn to scale.  
Scale drawing solutions will not be acceptable where you are asked to calculate.  
The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.  
In question 4, the assessment will take into account the quality of your linguistic and mathematical organisation, communication and accuracy in writing.

For Examiner's use only		
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
1.	4	
2.	5	
3.	4	
4.	8	
5.	2	
6.	6	
7.	4	
8.	3	
9.	3	
10.	4	
11.	1	
12.	6	
13.	3	
14.	2	
15.	3	
16.	4	
17.	3	
18.	4	
19.	5	
20.	6	
<b>Total</b>	<b>80</b>	

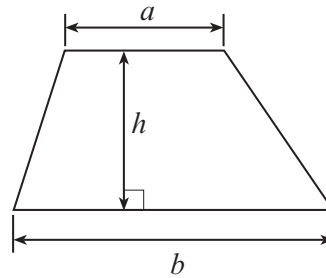
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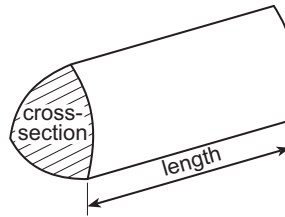
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### Formula List – Higher Tier

**Area of trapezium** =  $\frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$

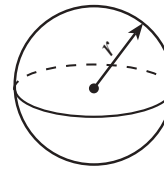


**Volume of prism** = area of cross-section  $\times$  length



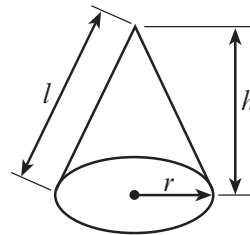
**Volume of sphere** =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

**Surface area of sphere** =  $4\pi r^2$



**Volume of cone** =  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

**Curved surface area of cone** =  $\pi r l$

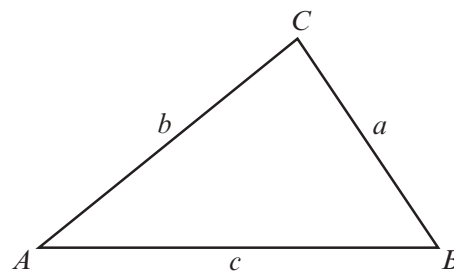


**In any triangle ABC**

**Sine rule**  $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

**Cosine rule**  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

**Area of triangle** =  $\frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$



### The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  where  $a \neq 0$  are given by  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$

### Annual Equivalent Rate (AER)

AER, as a decimal, is calculated using the formula  $\left(1 + \frac{i}{n}\right)^n - 1$ , where  $i$  is the nominal interest rate per annum as a decimal and  $n$  is the number of compounding periods per annum.



1. (a) Evaluate  $\sqrt{0.9^3 - 0.9^4}$ .

[2]

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(b) What is the greatest integer value of  $n$  if  $2n < 17$ ?

[1]

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Greatest integer value of  $n =$  .....

(c) What is the least integer value of  $n$  if  $2^n > 125$ ?

[1]

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Least integer value of  $n =$  .....

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2. The table below shows some of the values of  $y = 2x^2 + 5x - 3$  for values of  $x$  from  $-4$  to  $2$ .

$x$	$-4$	$-3$	$-2$	$-1$	$0$	$1$	$2$
$y = 2x^2 + 5x - 3$	$9$	$0$	$-5$	$-6$	$-3$		$15$

(a) Complete the table above. [1]

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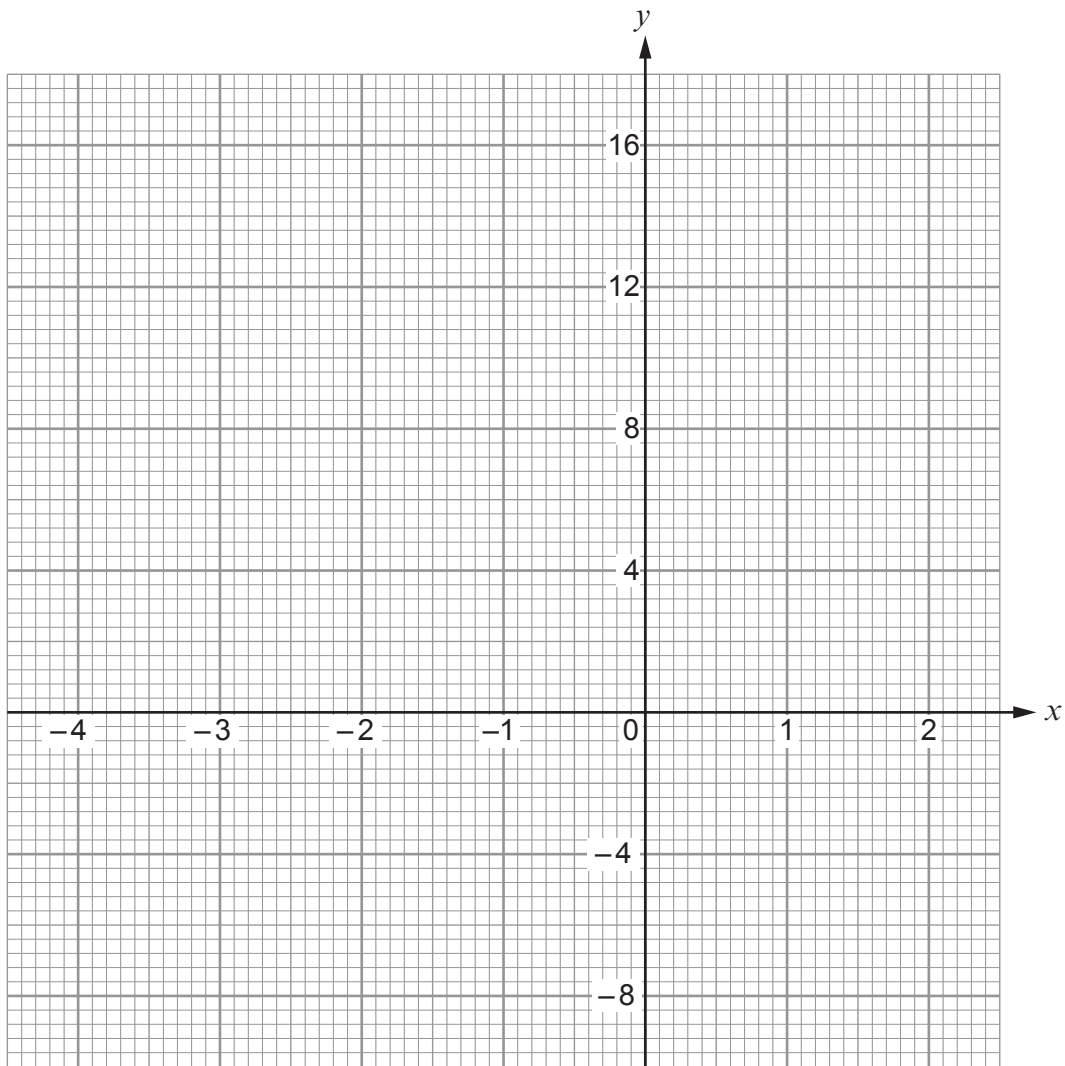
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(b) On the graph paper opposite, draw the graph of  $y = 2x^2 + 5x - 3$  for values of  $x$  from  $-4$  to  $2$ . [2]

(c) Draw the line  $y = 6$  on the graph paper.  
Write down the values of  $x$  where the line  $y = 6$  cuts the curve  $y = 2x^2 + 5x - 3$ . [2]

Values of  $x$  are ..... and .....





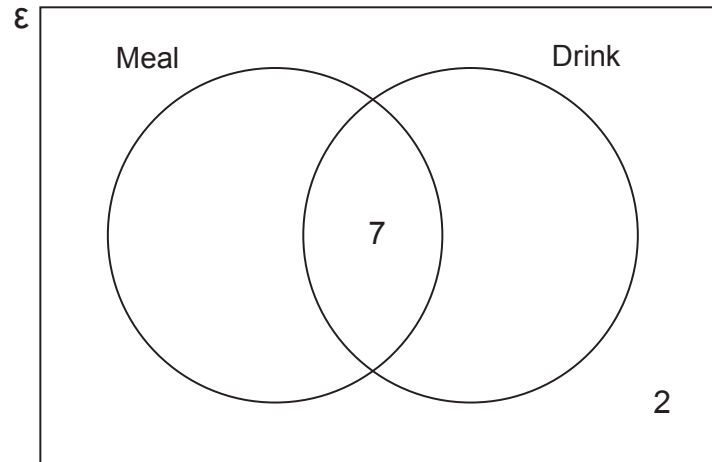
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3. At lunchtime on Wednesday, a café had **19 customers**.

- 7 of these customers bought a meal **and** a drink.
- 2 of these customers did not buy a meal **or** a drink.
- The total number of customers who bought a meal was **twice** the total number of customers who bought a drink.

(a) Complete the Venn diagram below to show this information. [2]



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(b) One of these customers is chosen at random.  
What is the probability that this customer bought a meal? [2]

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5. The equation of a straight line is  $y = -3x + 7$ .

- (a) What is the gradient of the line?  
Circle the correct answer.

[1]

$\frac{1}{3}$

$-\frac{1}{3}$

3

-3

7

- (b) What are the coordinates of the point where the line intersects the  $y$ -axis?  
Circle the correct answer.

[1]

$(-3, 7)$

$(0, -3)$

$(0, 3)$

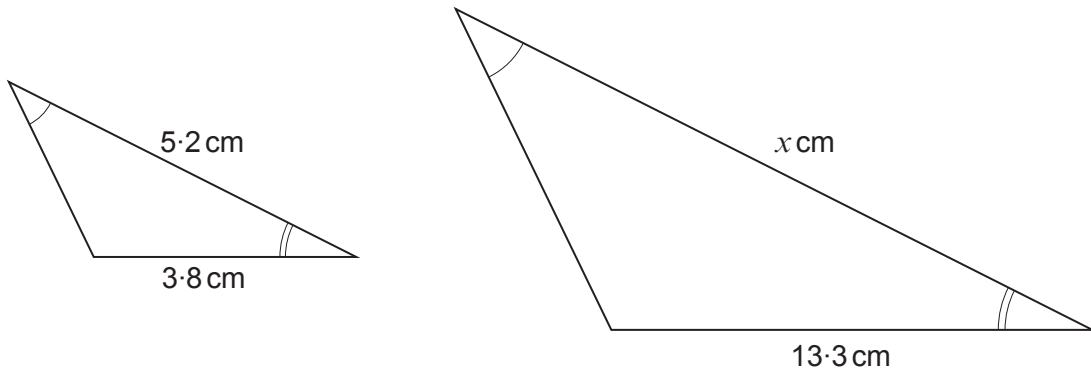
$(0, -7)$

$(0, 7)$





7. (a) The triangles shown below are similar.



*Diagrams not drawn to scale*

Calculate the value of  $x$ .

[2]

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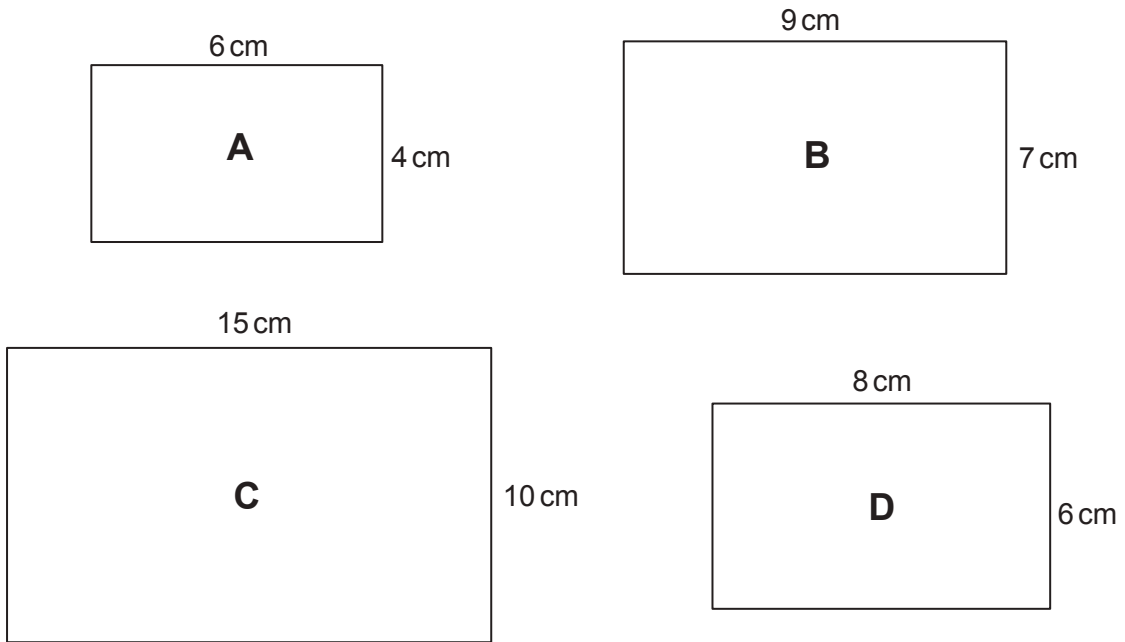
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(b) Four rectangles labelled **A**, **B**, **C** and **D** are shown below.



*Diagrams not drawn to scale*

Which two rectangles are similar?  
Give a reason for your choice.

[2]

The two rectangles which are similar are rectangles ..... and .....

Reason: .....

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8. Factorise  $x^2 + 3x - 40$ , and hence solve  $x^2 + 3x - 40 = 0$ .

[3]

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9.  $a$  and  $b$  are two numbers, where  $b > a$ .

The mean of the two numbers is equal to the range of the two numbers.

Show that  $3a = b$ .

[3]

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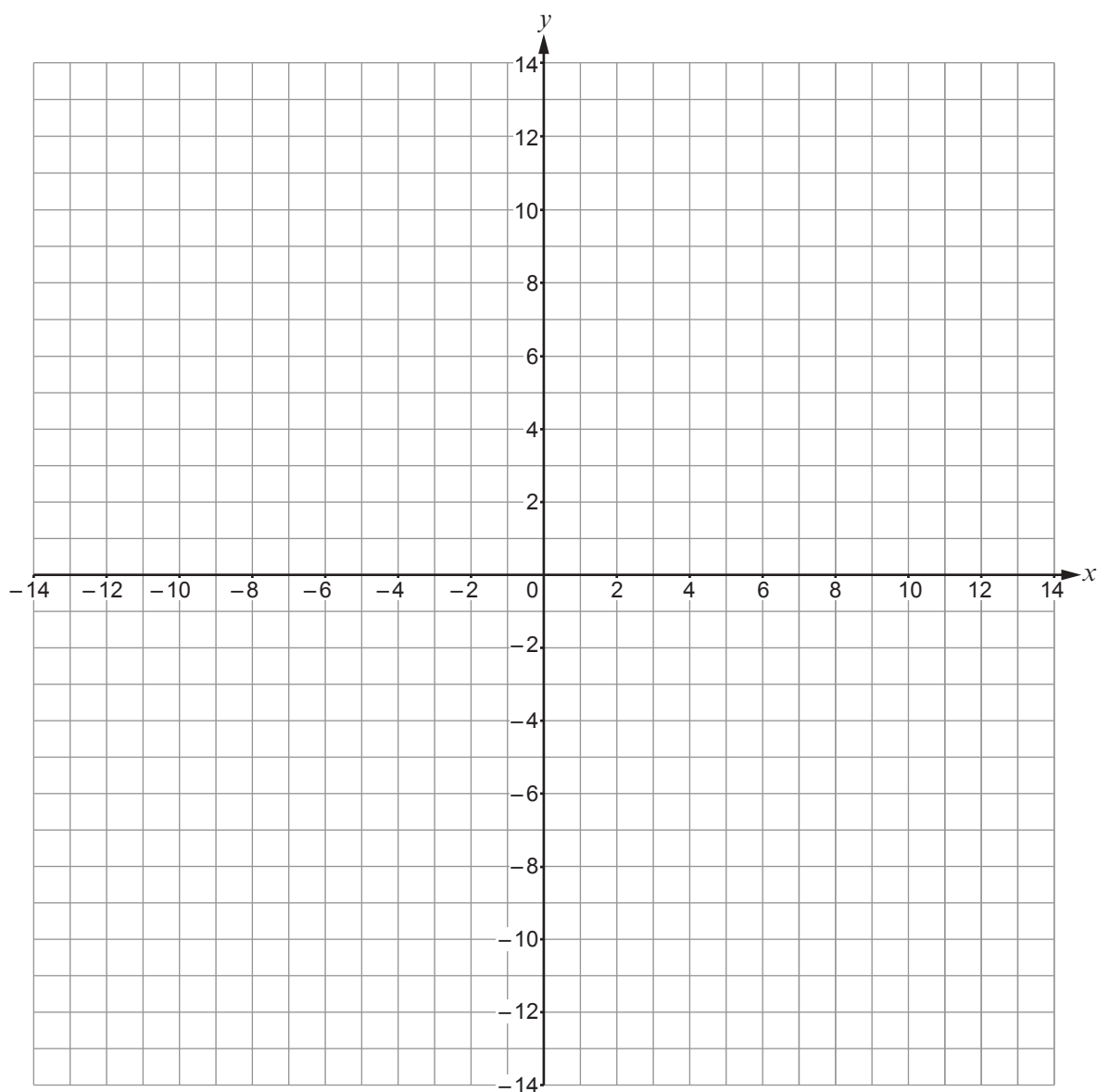


13. Using the axes below, find the region which satisfies the following inequalities:

$$\begin{aligned}y &\geq 2 \\y &\geq 2x - 10 \\y &\leq x\end{aligned}$$

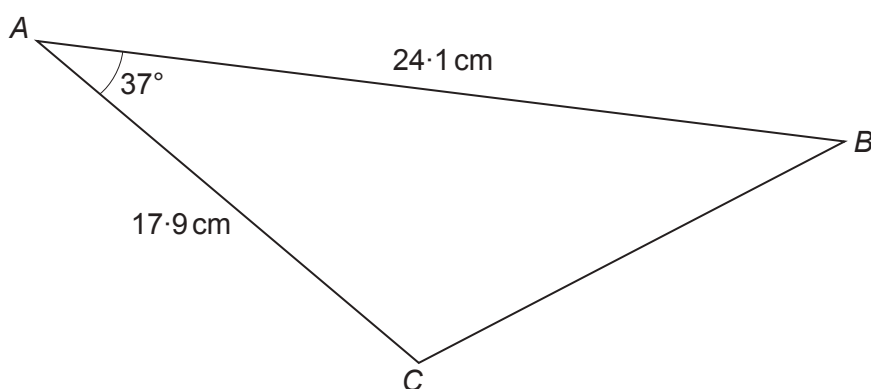
Make sure that you clearly indicate the region that represents your answer.

[3]



14. Triangle  $ABC$  has sides  $AB = 24.1$  cm and  $AC = 17.9$  cm, as shown below.

$$\hat{BAC} = 37^\circ.$$



*Diagram not drawn to scale*

Calculate the area of the triangle  $ABC$ .

[2]

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15. The values  $e = 7.1$ ,  $f = 73.9$  and  $g = 65.7$  are each given correct to 1 decimal place.

The value of  $h$  is found using the formula  $h = \frac{e}{f - g}$ .

Calculate the **greatest** value of  $h$ .

Give your answer correct to four decimal places.

You must show all your working.

[3]

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16. (a) Sketch the curve  $y = \cos x$  on the axes below, for values of  $x$  from  $0^\circ$  to  $360^\circ$ .  
You must indicate any important values on both axes.

[2]



- (b) Solve the equation  $2 \cos x = 1$ .  
Give all answers in the range  $x = 0^\circ$  to  $x = 360^\circ$ .

[2]

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17. Zoltan rolls three unbiased 6-sided dice.  
Calculate the probability that the sum of the values shown on the dice is 17. [3]

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